

Occasional Papers of IUCN Sri Lanka
No. 8, July 2005

**A Biodiversity Status Profile of
Lunama - Kalametiya Wetland Sanctuary**

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IUCN - The World Conservation Union, Sri Lanka Country Office

This publication has been prepared by IUCN - Sri Lanka
with financial assistance from the Royal Netherlands Government



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This publication has been made possible in part by funding from the Royal Netherlands Government.

Published by : IUCN - Sri Lanka



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Citation : S. P. Ekanayake, C. N. B. Bambaradeniya, W. P. N. Perera, M. S. J. Perera, R. K. Rodrigo, V. A. M. P. K. Samarawickrema and T. N. Peiris. 2005. A Biodiversity Status Profile of Lunama - Kalametiya Wetland Sanctuary. *Occ. Pap. 8. IUCN, Sri Lanka.*, iv+43pp

ISBN : 955-8177-40-7

Cover photograph by : Naalin Perera

Produced by : IUCN Sri Lanka.

Printed by : Karunaratne & Sons Ltd. 67, UDA Industrial Estate, Katuwana Road, Homagama, Sri Lanka.

Available from : IUCN - Sri Lanka
No. 53, Horton Place, Colombo 7, Sri Lanka.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Location, climate and physiography of the sanctuary

The Lunama and Kalametiya lagoons are located on the south-eastern coast of Sri Lanka, in the Hambantota District, about 200 km from Colombo (Figure 1.1). The smaller Lunama lagoon covers 192 ha and the Kalametiya lagoon about 606 ha and they are interconnected. The lagoons are in the Dry Zone of Sri Lanka, which receives an annual rainfall of 1000 - 1250 mm, and experiences two distinct dry spells, in February and July-August. The mean air temperature is about 27°C (CEA/Euroconsult, 1995).

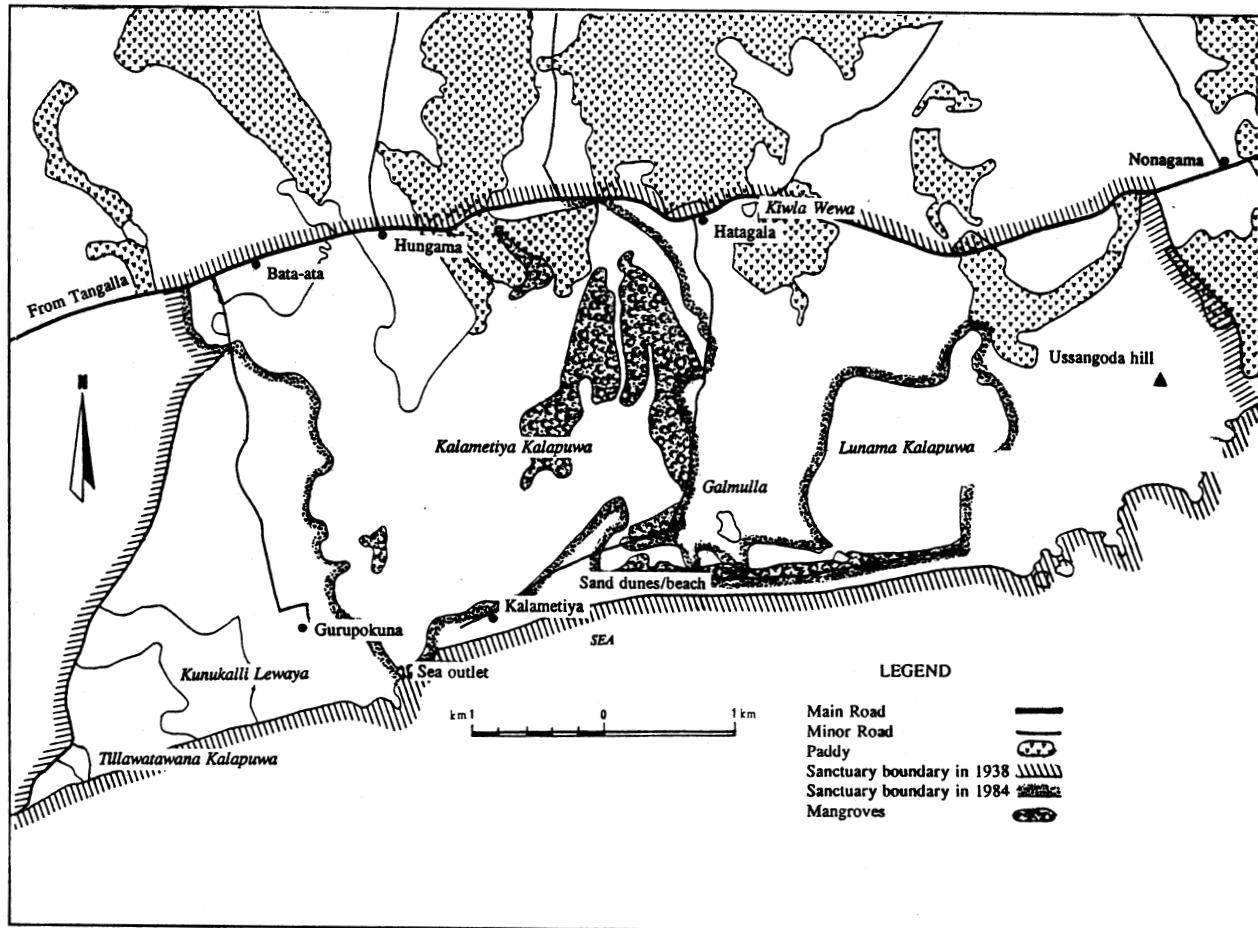


Figure 1.1
Map of the Lunama-Kalametiya area
Source: CEA/Euroconsult (1995)

The Kalametiya lagoon opens to the sea by a narrow man-made outlet and is connected to the Lunama lagoon through a shallow, 2 km man-made channel. These two shallow lagoons, with a mean depth of less than 1 m, are fed by the Kuchchigal Ara, and are surrounded by fringes of marsh and mangrove vegetation (CEA/Euroconsult, 1995).

1.2 Administration of the sanctuary

In recognition of the importance of Lunama and Kalametiya lagoons as wildlife habitats, an area of 700 ha was declared a Sanctuary under the Fauna and Flora Protection Ordinance in 1984, under the administration of the Department of Wildlife Conservation. Presently, this area comes under the Hambantota Integrated Coastal Zone Management Project (HICZMP), implemented by the Coast Conservation Department.

1.3 Previous studies

The inclusion of the Lunama-Kalametiya wetlands in the Directory of Asian Wetlands underscores their significance for conservation (Scott, 1989). A site report and a conservation management plan for the interconnected Kalametiya and Lunama lagoons were prepared, in 1995, by the Central Environmental Authority (CEA). The Forest Department and IUCN prepared a mangrove management plan for 10 selected mangrove sites located south of Colombo, including the mangrove around the Kalametiya lagoon (Anon, 2000). The avifauna of Kalametiya has been well documented by ornithologists who frequently visit this site. Also, with five species of globally threatened turtles nesting in the nearby beaches several turtle surveys have been conducted in this area (Amarasooriya, 2000).

The HICZMP has also reported their findings from several studies in the area. An important component of the above project was the identification and classification of environmentally sensitive areas in the Hambantota District (HICZMP, 2000a). The Kalametiya lagoon is among the 89 environmentally sensitive areas identified and listed by the project.

1.4 Objectives of the present study

The overall objective of this study is to compile a comprehensive set of baseline data on biodiversity in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland system in order to facilitate management of this protected area.

2. Study methods

The main elements of this study to assess the biodiversity of the Lunama-Kalametiya area were:

- The review of existing published information on the study area to collate the available baseline information.
- An initial reconnaissance survey of the study area to identify habitats and vegetation types, select representative sampling sites, plan sampling schedules and test the pre-planned sampling methods to document animals and plants.
- A systematic compilation of inventories of fauna and flora using standard scientific techniques.
- An assessment of threats to biodiversity.

2.1 Sampling frequency and sampling sites

Systematic sampling was conducted at fortnightly intervals over the study period of 6 months, from October 1st 2002 to 31st March, 2003. Fauna was sampled both day and night. An initial reconnaissance survey identified the major habitats and vegetation types associated with the Lunama and Kalametiya lagoons, based on structure and composition of vegetation and edaphic factors. Three randomly selected sampling sites, in each lagoon, was surveyed during each fortnightly visit, to ensure fair coverage of all the selected habitats.

2.2 Sampling techniques

The inland faunal and floral surveys were carried out using standard sampling techniques specified in Sutherland (1996), with slight modifications to suit the existing field conditions (Table 1).

Table 1
Sampling methods by groups of fauna and flora

| Group | Sampling method |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Fish | Cast netting; Seine netting; Commercial catch; Bank counts. |
| Amphibians | Pitfall traps; 100 m x 5 m line/belt transects; Visual encounter surveys. |
| Reptiles | Pitfall traps; 100 m x 5 m line/belt transects; Visual encounter surveys. |
| Birds | Point transects, with 100-200 m radius (in water); 100 m x 50 m line transects (on land) |
| Mammals | 100 m line transects; Trapping (Sherman traps); Visual encounter surveys, Indirect methods (tracks, faecal matter etc.) |
| Molluscs | Terrestrial: 100 m x 5 m belt transects; Aquatic: 1x1 plots |
| Butterflies | 100 m x 5 m line transects |
| Mangrove and Terrestrial Vegetation | 25 m x 25 m plots |

2.3 Identification and nomenclature of fauna and flora

The inland flora of the study area were identified and classified using Dassanayake, M. D. & Fosberg, F. R. (eds.) (1980-1991), Dassanayake, M. D., Fosberg, F. R. & Clayton, W. D. (eds.) (1994 -1995), and Dassanayake, M. D.,& Clayton, W. D. (eds.) (1996-1999). Authentication was done at National Herbarium (Peradeniya). The fresh and brackish water fish were identified using Pethiyagoda (1990); De Bruin et al. (1994). In the herpetofauna, the amphibians were identified using Dutta & Manamendra-Aachchi (1996), while the reptiles were identified using Deraniyagala (1953), and De Silva (1990). The birds and mammals were identified and classified using Harrison & Worfolk (1999) and Phillips (1980), respectively. In the inland invertebrates, the butterflies were identified using D'Abrera (1998) and Ackery (1999), while the terrestrial and brackish water mollusks were identified using Naggs & Raheem (2000) and Pinto (1986).

The work of Dubois and Ohler (1999), Groves and Meijaard (2005), Rasmussen and Anderton (2005), Senaratne (2001), and Wilson and Reeder (1993) were also used to document recent taxonomic and status changes of animals and plants.

2.4 Preparation of digitized maps of vegetation types/habitats

Recent aerial photographs and land-use maps, obtained from the Survey Department, were subjected to a ground-truthing exercise and geo-referencing with a GPS meter. GIS and remote sensing techniques were then used to prepare digitized maps of habitats/vegetation types associated with the Lunama and Kalametiya lagoons.

3. Major habitat types and flora

The Lunama-Kalametiya area harbours a variety of natural and man-made vegetation/habitat types, including both terrestrial and wetland systems (Table 1 and Figure 1).

Table 1
Major vegetation/habitat types found in the study area

| Vegetation / Habitat Type | Kalametiya | Lunama |
|----------------------------------|------------|--------|
| Natural Terrestrial | | |
| Sand dune | | X |
| Scrubland | X | X |
| Grassland | X | X |
| Natural wetland | | |
| Mangrove | X | X |
| Reed bed | X | |
| Salt marsh | | X |
| Lagoon | X | X |
| Coral reef | | X |
| Sand stone reef | X | X |
| Sea shore vegetation | X | X |
| Seasonal pond | X | |
| Anthropogenic terrestrial | | |
| Coconut Plantation | X | X |
| Home Garden/Chena | X | X |
| Anthropogenic wetland | | |
| Paddy field | X | |

X - Indicates presence

The shallow marine belt bordering Lunama-Kalametiya area harbours a coral reef as well as a sandstone reef. Small patches of sand dunes are located to the east of Lunama lagoon. Creeping vegetation such as *Ipomoea pes-caprae* and *Spinifex littoreus* occur on these dunes. Mangroves in Kalametiya are dominated by *Sonneratia caseolaris*, while those in Lunama are dominated by *Excoecaria agallocha*. Patches of scrubland are also located around the lagoons, dominated by thorny species such as *Flueggea leucopyrus* and *Dichrostachys cinerea*. The reedbeds adjoining the lagoons are dominated by *Typha angustifolia*. The grasslands consist of species such as *Cynodon dactylon* and *Panicum repens*. The frequently inundated areas of the lagoon consist of salt marsh communities, dominated by salt-tolerant species such as *Halosarcia indica*.

A total of 209 plant species were recorded from the above habitat types, including 12 climbers, 113 herbs, 39 shrubs and 45 tree species (Annex 1). These include three endemic species and ten invasive alien species. The dominant plant species occurring in natural terrestrial and wetland habitats of the Lunama-Kalametiya area are listed in Table 2.

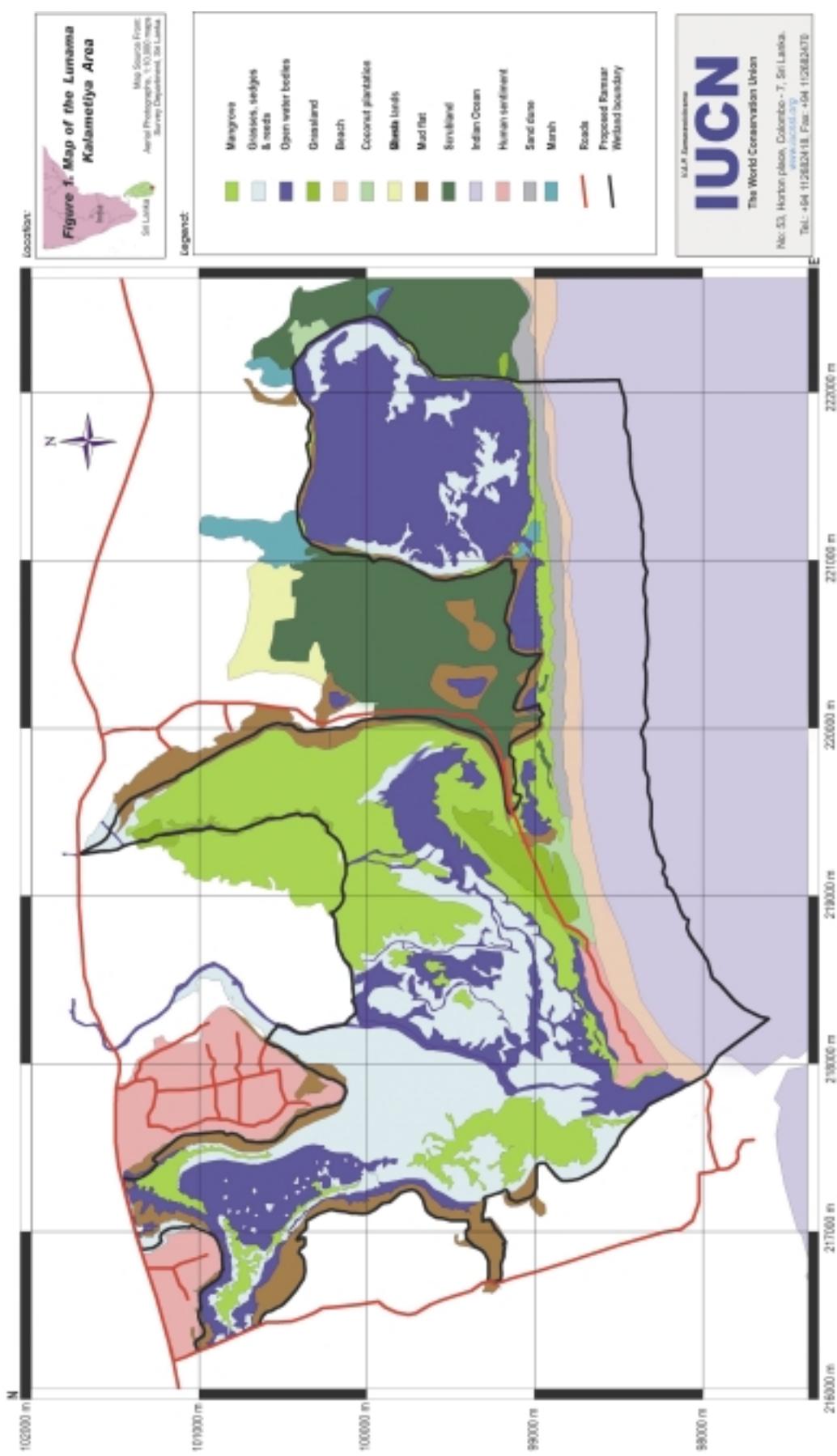


Figure 3.1
Major vegetation / habitat types found in Lunama-Kalametiya sanctuary

Table 2**Common plants in different habitats and vegetation types of Lunama - Kalametiya area.**

| Habitat/Vegetation type | Scientific Name | Family | Local name |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Mangrove | <i>Sonneratia caseolaris</i> | Sonneratiaceae | Kirala |
| | <i>Excoecaria agallocha</i> | Euphorbiaceae | Thelakeeriya |
| | <i>Avicennia marina</i> | Avicenniaceae | Kadol |
| | <i>Acanthus ilicifolius</i> | Acanthaceae | Katu Ikiliya |
| | <i>Acrostichum aureum</i> | Pteridaceae | Karan Koku |
| | <i>Ceriops tagal</i> | Rhizophoraceae | |
| | <i>Lumnitzera racemosa</i> | Combretaceae | |
| Sand dune vegetation | <i>Spinifex littoreus</i> | Poaceae | Maharawana revula |
| | <i>Hydrophylax maritima</i> | Rubiaceae | Mudu geta kola |
| | <i>Azima tetracantha</i> | Salvadoraceae | |
| | <i>Cyperus bulbosus</i> | Cyperaceae | |
| Scrubland | <i>Dichrostachys cinerea</i> | Fabaceae | Andara |
| | <i>Flueggea leucopyrus</i> | Euphorbiaceae | Heen katupila |
| | <i>Capparis sepiaria</i> | Capparidaceae | Torikei |
| | <i>Carissa spinarum</i> | Apocynaceae | Heen karamba |
| | <i>Azima tetracantha</i> | Salvadoraceae | |
| | <i>Randia dumetorum</i> | Rubiaceae | Kukurumanna |
| | <i>Cassia auriculata</i> | Fabaceae | Ranawara |
| Gentle sea shore | <i>Opuntia dillenii</i> | Cactaceae | Katu Pathok |
| | <i>Spinifex littoreus</i> | Poaceae | Maharawana revula |
| Vegetation | <i>Ziziphus oenoplia</i> | Rhamnaceae | Eraminiya |
| | <i>Launaea sarmentosa</i> | Asteraceae | |
| | <i>Opuntia dillenii</i> | Cactaceae | Katu Pathok |
| | <i>Capparis sepiaria</i> | Capparidaceae | Torikei |
| | <i>Cyperus bulbosus</i> | Cyperaceae | |
| | <i>Hydrophylax maritima</i> | Rubiaceae | Mudu geta kola |
| | <i>Ipomoea pes-caprae</i> | Convolvulaceae | Mudu bimtamburu |
| | <i>Evolvulus alsinoides</i> | Convolvulaceae | Vishnukranthi |
| | <i>Lantana camara</i> | Verbenaceae | Hinguru |
| | <i>Pandanus odoratus</i> | Pandanaceae | Wetakeyiya, Mudukeyiya |
| Grasslands | <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Poaceae | Ruha, Belathana |
| | <i>Cyperus rotundus</i> | Cyperaceae | Kalanduru |
| | <i>Eragrostis gangetica</i> | Poaceae | Ela kuru thana |
| | <i>Kyllinga nemoralis</i> | Cyperaceae | Mottu thana |
| | <i>Panicum repens</i> | Poaceae | Etora |

| Habitat/Vegetation type | Scientific Name | Family | Local name |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Saltmarsh community | <i>Halosarcia indica</i> | Chenopodiaceae | |
| | <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Poaceae | Ruha, Belathana |
| | <i>Cyperus stoloniferus</i> | Cyperaceae | |
| | <i>Prosopis juliflora</i> | Fabaceae | Katu andara |
| Reed beds | <i>Typha angustifolia</i> | Typhaceae | Hambu pan |
| | <i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i> | Ceratophyllaceae | |
| | <i>Cyperus rotundus</i> | Cyperaceae | Kalanduru |
| | <i>Eleocharis geniculata</i> | Cyperaceae | |
| | <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Poaceae | Ruha, Belathana |

4. Species composition of Fauna

A total of 283 species of vertebrates were recorded from the Lunama-Kalametiya area, of which 14 species (5%) are endemic, while 17 species (6%) are nationally threatened. The vertebrates are comprised of 35 species of fish, 13 species of amphibians, 43 species of reptiles, 168 species of birds, and 24 species of mammals. The invertebrates documented include 75 species of butterflies and 18 mollusc species.

A total of 35 species of fish were recorded from the lagoons and canals in the Lunama-Kalametiya area (Annex 2), including three endemics and two threatened species. These include salt water dispersants (eg. Short-finned Eel - *Anguilla bicolor*), marine forms (eg. Bigeye Travally - *Caranx sexfasciatus*), brackish water forms (eg. Brown gudgeon - *Eleophis fusca*) and freshwater forms (eg. Murrel - *Channa striata*). The Deep body Silverbiddy (*Gerres abbreviatus*), Dwarf panchax (*Aplocheilus parvus*), Blue Eyes (*Oryzias melastigma*), Bloch's Gizzard Shad (*Nematalosa nasus*) and the exotic Mozambique Tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*) are abundant in the lagoons.

The area harbours 13 species of amphibians (Annex 3). They include toads (eg. Common Toad - *Bufo melanostictus*), narrow-mouthed frogs (eg. Ornate Narrow-mouthed Frog - *Microhyla ornata*), common frogs (eg. Skipper Frog - *Euphlyctis cyanophlyctis*) and tree frogs (eg. Chunam Tree-Frog - *Polypedates maculatus*).

A total of 43 species of reptiles were recorded from the area (Annex 4) including 4 endemic species and 7 species that are nationally threatened. Among the reptiles are three species of globally threatened marine turtles that visit the sea shores of the Lunama-Kalametiya area for nesting, while the Mugger (*Crocodylus palustris*) and the Indian Python (*Python molurus*) are also considered as globally threatened species.

The complex system of wetlands and terrestrial habitats in the Lunama-Kalametiya area has contributed to a rich bird diversity, including many species of migratory birds. A total of 168 species of birds were recorded from the area during the six month survey period (Annex 5). These include 121 residents, 46 winter migrants and one off-shore marine bird. Among the resident birds, five species are endemic, while 5 species are nationally threatened. Of the migratory species, 45 are regular migrants, while common-ringed plover is an occasional visitor or vagrant. The lagoons, inter-tidal mudflats and salt-marsh areas provide ideal resting and feeding habitats for numerous species of winter migrants, especially the wading birds. The vast numbers of migratory Stints, Sandpipers, Plovers, Terns, Gulls, and Ducks share the wetlands with resident wetland birds such as Herons, Egrets, Pelicans, Cormorants, Teals, Storks and Stilts.

The mammals recorded from the area consist of 24 species, including two endemic and three threatened species (Annex 6). These include small mammals (Rats, Mice and Shrews), bats, large herbivores (Spotted Deer, Mouse Deer), carnivores (Fishing cat, Rusty-spotted cat,

Mongoose, Otter), scavengers (Jackal, Wild boar) and arboreal species (Macaque, Grey Langur). Grey Langur (*Semnopithecus entellus*), Black-naped Hare (*Lepus nigricollis*), Palm Squirrel (*Funambulus palmarum*), and Water Buffalo (*Bubalus bubalis* - mostly feral) are the most commonly seen mammals in the area.

About 75 species of butterflies were recorded from the area, including one endemic and 12 nationally threatened species (Annex 7). Majority of the butterfly species are found in the scrubland habitat. The three species of the Family Pieridae, Pioneer (*Belenois aurota*), Yellow Orange Tip (*Ixias pyrene*) and the Small Salmon Arab (*Colotis amata*) are among the commonest butterflies.

The molluscs recorded include ten land snail species and eight aquatic species (Annex 8). The land snails include five endemics and two nationally threatened species.

5. Threats to biodiversity

The threats that affect the biodiversity of the Lunama-Kalametiya area can be divided into four categories: destruction and degradation of habitats/ecosystems, direct/over exploitation of species, spread of invasive alien species and natural factors. These major threat categories and their contributory factors are discussed in the following sections.

5.1 *Destruction and Degradation of habitats/ecosystems*

Deforestation

The Kalametiya sanctuary is affected by deforestation. Villagers have cut down/burnt more than 50 ha of forested areas for their settlements, chena cultivation and shell mining. This has displaced forest dwelling birds from their habitats.

Mangroves have been cut down for human settlements and fuel wood. A mangrove patch in Lunama area has been cleared for illegal shell mining. It is well documented that mangroves bordering lagoons and estuaries provide refuge for the larval stages of aquatic organisms such as fish and crustaceans. Random interviews with local fishermen indicate that there is a decreasing trend in fish and crustacean catches, over the past decade. The loss of mangrove refuge could be one reason for the decrease in fishery.

Shell mining

Large-scale illegal shell mining was observed around the Kalametiya lagoon area. Shell mining has also caused the degradation of the mangroves and scrubland of the Lunama lagoon area.

Ill-planned irrigation infrastructure

The ecology of the Kalametiya lagoon has been adversely affected by defective irrigation structures. Drainage of irrigation water into the lagoon has lowered the salinity of lagoon water. Silt brought in has filled up at least 40% of the Kalametiya lagoon within the last 15 years. Consequently the lagoon cover has decreased and the filled area has been invaded by a monoculture of *Sonneratia caseolaris*. The Lunama lagoon is also affected by siltation. Decrease of salinity has aggravated the spread of invasive *Typha angustifolia* and *Eichhornia crassipes* mainly in the Kalametiya lagoon.

Discharge of agrochemicals into wetlands

Large amounts of agrochemicals, both biocides and fertilizers, are used in rice fields in the upstream areas of Lunama-Kalametiya, and is likely to adversely affect the aquatic life associated with wetlands. The Kalametiya lagoon shows signs of eutrophication, possibly due

to accumulation of chemical fertilizer residues. This condition has promoted the proliferation of invasive plants such as Water Hyacinth (*Eichhornia crassipes*) in the Kalametiya lagoon.

Unregulated animal husbandry activities

The grasslands of the Kalametiya area are overgrazed by cattle and buffalo allowed to roam freely. Several grasslands have been eroded due to overgrazing. These animals have also facilitated the spread of invasive alien plants such as Mesquite (*Prosopis juliflora*), since they feed on the pods of the latter plant.

Unauthorized development activities

Illegal encroachments and reclamation of wetlands have resulted in the fragmentation of natural habitats. This is clearly visible in the Kalametiya Sanctuary area.

5.2 Direct loss and overexploitation of species

Hunting and poaching of animals

Collection of turtle eggs and poaching of turtles occur regularly in the survey area. Turtle eggs are collected in the Lunama beach area. Trap guns set for mammals, were observed mainly in the Kalametiya area. According to the villagers birds are also hunted in Lunama and Kalametiya lagoons.

Road Kills

A section of the Kalametiya wetland extends up to the Matara - Hambantota main road. Many animals are subjected to road accidents within a 200m stretch of main road adjoining the wetland. Road kills documented include nationally threatened mammals such as the otter (*Lutra lutra*), and several species of amphibians and reptiles.

5.3 Spread of invasive alien species

A number of alien invasive plant and animal species were documented from the survey area. Among the invasive alien plants, *Prosopis juliflora* (Mesquite), *Lantana camara* (Lantana) and *Opuntia dillenii* (Prickly-pear cactus) have invaded the terrestrial ecosystems in the area, while *Eichhornia crassipes* (Water hyacinth) and *Salvinia molesta* (Salvinia) have invaded the aquatic ecosystem. The spread of *P. juliflora* is facilitated by feral/unmanaged domestic cattle and buffalo, and it is gradually displacing native scrubland plant species, leading to monoculture stands.

Among the alien invasive fauna, Tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus* and *O. niloticus*) have established breeding populations in the lagoons, and the Garden snail (*Achatina fulica*), and feral domestic cats, dogs and cattle have invaded terrestrial ecosystems, causing negative impacts on native animals. The latter species are causing problems to terrestrial animals especially in Kalametiya. Feral dogs destroy turtle nests in the area and feed on turtle eggs.

5.4 Natural factors

Impact of the Tsunami

The Lunama wetland and inland landscape were shielded from the recent tsunami by the sand dune habitat. However, the tsunami waves were funneled into the Kalametiya lagoon, through the man-made opening to the sea, causing the destruction of around 5% of the *Sonneratia caseolaris* dominated mangrove stand around the lagoon. The increase in salinity in the lagoon has had a positive impact in destroying a high proportion of the invasive alien Water Hyacinth (*Eichhornia crassipes*) and the Cattail Reed (*Typha angustifolia*). Approximately 5 ha of grassland and salt marsh vegetation has been destroyed, covered with sand and sludge transported inland by the tsunami waves.

6. Recommendations for the conservation of biodiversity in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland

The present study has clearly revealed that the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland area harbours a rich biodiversity, including a wide variety of ecosystems, habitats and species. The area serves as a refuge for several endemic as well as threatened species of plants and animals. However, the study also revealed that this inter-connected coastal wetland ecosystem is threatened by various anthropogenic activities. Considering the overall findings, the following recommendations are made to ensure the future sustenance of the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland and adjacent areas.

6.1 Action to conserve natural ecosystems, habitats and species

- Expand the Kalametiya Sanctuary to cover the Ussangoda scrubland and grassland, Ussangoda-Lunama beach and near-shore marine habitat including the coral reef, and re-demarcate the boundary of the Kalametiya protected area. Identify a core zone and a buffer zone in the re-demarcated Kalametiya Sanctuary.
Action: Department of Wildlife Conservation, Coast Conservation Department (CRMP Project), Survey Department and IUCN.
- Declare the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland as a Ramsar Site - a wetland of international importance.
Action: Department of Wildlife Conservation and IUCN
- Provide enhanced resources and initiate regular patrolling of the Lunama-Kalametiya and Ussangoda area, to curb illegal poaching operations.
Action: Department of Wildlife Conservation and the RUK (Rekawa, Ussangoda, Kalametiya) Biodiversity Task Force
- Establish Biodiversity Task Forces to monitor threats to biodiversity in the Lunama-Kalametiya area, and ensure law enforcement.
Action: RUK (Rekawa-Ussangoda-Kalametiya) Project Management Office, IUCN and the RUK Biodiversity Task Forces
- Organize awareness and training workshops for the biodiversity task force, local schools (students and teachers) and local CBOs in the surrounding areas of the Sanctuary. Prepare awareness material on biodiversity in the Lunama-Kalametiya area.
Action: RUK Project Management Office, Department of Wildlife Conservation and IUCN

6.2 Action to prevent the degradation/destruction of habitats/ecosystems

- Issue of permits for shell mining in the Lunama-Kalametiya area should be better coordinated between the Coast Conservation Department (CCD), District Secretariat (DS)

and the Geological Survey and Mines Bureau (GSMB). Illegal coral, shell and gem mining should be dealt with strict enforcement of the law.

Action: CCD, GSMB, DS and the Tangalle Police Station.

- Vehicles should not be permitted to enter the Ussangoda grassland/beach area, and arrangements should be made for parking below the Ussangoda hill.

Action: Pradeshiya Sabha and District Secretariat.

- The sand bar between the Kalametiya lagoon and the sea should be breached annually in order to raise the salinity levels and thereby destroy the invasive alien Water Hyacinth.

Action: Coast Conservation Department (CRMP Project), Kalametiya Fisheries Society, Fisheries Department.

- Initiate physical removal of Prickly Pear Cactus (*Opuntia dillenii*) and Mesquite (*Prosopis juliflora*) from Ussangoda, Lunama and Kalametiya areas through community participation.

Action: RUK Project Management Office, Rekawa Development Foundation, Local Schools, Biodiversity Task Forces.

- Minimize the drainage of irrigation water into the Kalametiya Lagoon by appropriate engineering interventions in the Lower-Kachchigal-ara area.

Action: CRMP Project and Irrigation Department

- Exercise caution and minimize damage to natural ecosystems and species when conducting archaeological excavations in Godawaya and Ussangoda areas. Rare or endemic species should be rescued and translocated to suitable areas, prior to excavations.

Action: Department of Archaeology

- Cattle grazing in the Kalametiya, Lunama and Ussangoda area should be regulated and restricted to a buffer zone.

Action: Department of Wildlife Conservation

- Initiate action to demolish illegal constructions in the beach areas of the Lunama-Kalametiya area, and regularly monitor the coastline to avoid future encroachments and constructions.

Action: Coast Conservation Department

Acknowledgements

IUCN Sri Lanka wishes to acknowledge the support rendered by the Director General and field staff of the Department of Wildlife Conservation in conducting the field work in the Lunama-Kalametiya Sanctuary. The UNDP GEF medium grants programme provided financial assistance for the study.

Habitats



Kalamatiya Lagoon Mouth and Sea
Picture by Naalin Perera



Sandy Beach
Picture by Sandun Perera



Sand Dune
Picture by Naalin Perera



Coastal Vegetation
Picture by Naalin Perera



Seasonally flooded Grasslands at the edge of mangroves in Kalametiya provides habitat for the nationally threatened bird the Great Thick-Knee (*Esacus recurvirostris*)
Picture by Sandun Perera



Seasonal Waterhole and Grassland
Picture by Naalin Perera

Fauna & Flora



Little Green Heron (*Butorides striatus*)
Picture by V. A. M. P. K. Samarawickrama



A flock of Garganeys (*Anas querquedula*) and Pintails (*Anas acuta*) taking off from feeding grounds in Kalametiya
Picture by Sandun Perera



House musk shrew (*Suncus murinus*)
Picture by Naalin Perera



Black-naped hare (*Lepus nigricollis*)
Photograph: Dilup Chandranimal



Indian cobra (*Naja naja*)
Picture by Roshan Rodrigo



Leather-back Turtle (*Dermochelys coriacea*)
Picture by Sandun Perera

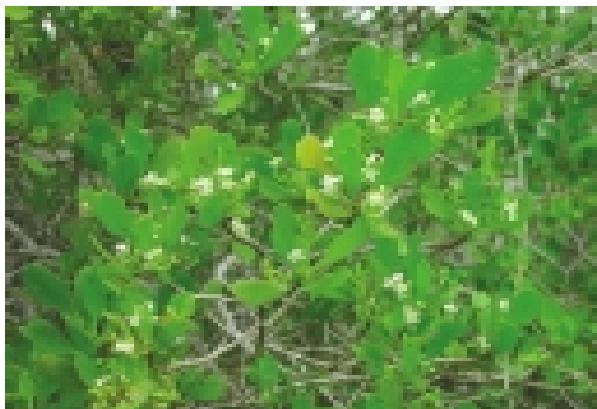
Fauna & Flora



Common Silverline (*Surendra vulcanus*)
Picture by Naalin Perera



Common Tiger (*Danaus genutia*)
Picture by Sandun Perera



“Beriya” plant (*Lumnitzera racemosa*) - A common Mangrove plant of the Area.
Picture by Naalin Perera



“Katu Andara” (*Dicrostachys cinerea*)
Picture by Naalin Perera



“Kora kaha” (*Memecylon sylvaticum*)
Picture by Naalin Perera



“Gira Pala” (*Commelina* sp.)
Picture by Naalin Perera

Threats



Chena cultivation in Lunama-Kalamatiya
Picture by Naalin Perera



Illegal shell mining in Lunama-Kalamatiya
Picture by Naalin Perera



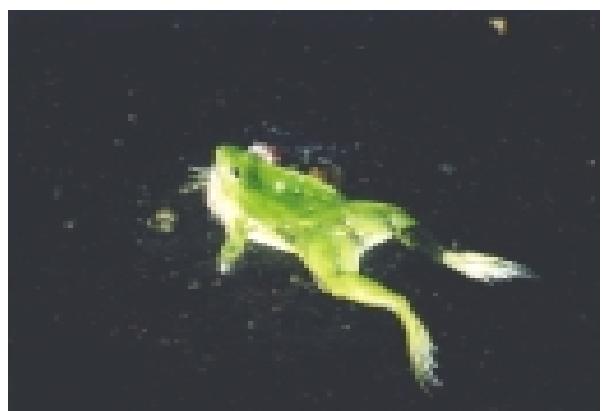
Giant Guramy (*Osphronemus goramy*) - Invasive alien fish species
Picture by Naalin Perera



Katu pathok (*Opuntia dillenii*) - Invasive alien plant species
Picture by Naalin Perera



Road kill of Jackal (*Canis aureus*)
Picture by Sandun Perera



Road Kill of *Euphyctis hexadactyla*
Picture by Sandun Perera

Annex 1

List of plants in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland

Status : E - Endemic; I - Introduced; IAS - Invasive Alien Species; NT - Nationally Threatened
Habitat : M - Mangrove; MX - Mangrove mix; MS - Marsh; HG - Home Garden; RD - Roadside
 G - Grassland; SC - Scrubland; CL - Cultivated land; SM - Salt marsh; PW - Perennial stream
 SW - Seasonal water body
Abundance : VC - Very Common; C - Common; UC - Uncommon; R - Rare; VR - Very rare

| Family | Species | Common Name | Habitat | Abund- ance | Life- form |
|-----------------|--|-----------------------|----------|----------------|---------------|
| Acanthaceae | <i>Acanthus ilicifolius</i> | Ikiriya | M | C | Herb |
| Acanthaceae | <i>Barleria mysorensis</i> | Katu nelu | SC,HG | UC | Herb |
| Acanthaceae | <i>Barleria prionitis</i> | Katu karanda | SC,G | C | Herb |
| Acanthaceae | <i>Justicia</i> sp. | | SC,HG | C | Herb |
| Amaranthaceae | <i>Achyranthes aspera</i> | Gas karal heba | RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Amaranthaceae | <i>Aerva lanata</i> | Polpala | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Amaranthaceae | <i>Alternanthera sessilis</i> | Mukunuwenna | MX,MS | C | Herb |
| Amaranthaceae | <i>Amaranthus viridis</i> | Kura thampala | RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Amaranthaceae | <i>Gomphrena celosioides</i> ¹ | | RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Amaryllidaceae | <i>Crinum latifolium</i> | Goda manel | SC,G | C | Herb |
| Anacardiaceae | <i>Anacardium occidentale</i> ¹ | Kaju | HG | C | Tree |
| Apiaceae | <i>Centella asiatica</i> | Gotukola | HG,CL,SW | C | Herb |
| Apocynaceae | <i>Carissa spinarum</i> | Heen karamba | SC | C | Shrub |
| Apocynaceae | <i>Nerium oleander</i> ¹ | Kaneru | HG | C | Herb |
| Apocynaceae | <i>Plumeria rubra</i> | Araliya | CL,HG | C | Shrub |
| Apocynaceae | <i>Thevetia peruviana</i> ¹ | Kaduru | HG | C | Tree |
| Aponogetonaceae | <i>Aponogeton natans</i> ^{NT} | | HG,SW | R | Herb |
| Araceae | <i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i> | Habarala | RD | C | Herb |
| Araceae | <i>Colocasia esculenta</i> | Gahala | HG,CL | C | Herb |
| Arecaceae | <i>Cocos nucifera</i> | Pol, Thembili, Wewara | HG,CL | C | Tree |
| Arecaceae | <i>Phoenix pusilla</i> | Wal indi | SC,RD,MX | C | Shrub |
| Asclepiadaceae | <i>Calotropis gigantea</i> | Wara, Hela wara | SC,RD | C | Shrub |
| Asclepiadaceae | <i>Pergularia daemia</i> | Medahangu | SC,RD | C | Climber |
| Asclepiadaceae | <i>Tylophora indica</i> | Mudu bin nuga | SD | C | Climber |
| Asparagaceae | <i>Asparagus racemosus</i> | Hathawariya | SC,RD | C | Climber |
| Asteraceae | <i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> | Hulan thala | RD, HG | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Emilia</i> sp. | | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Eupatorium odoratum</i> ^{IAS} | | SC,RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Launaea sarmentosa</i> | | SD,BC | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Mikania cordata</i> ^{IAS} | Gam palu, Wathu palu | RD,HG, | C | Climber |
| Asteraceae | <i>Sphaeranthus indicus</i> | Muda mahana | HG,RD,G | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Tridax procumbens</i> ¹ | | RD,HG, | C | Herb |

| Family | Species | Common Name | Habitat | Abund- ance | Life- form |
|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Asteraceae | <i>Vernonia cinerea</i> | Monarakudumbiya | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Vernonia zeylanica</i> ^E | Heen botiya | SC,RD | C | Herb |
| Asteraceae | <i>Xanthium indicum</i> ^{IAS} | Wal rambutan Urukossa | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Avicenniaceae | <i>Avicennia marina</i> | | M | UC | Tree |
| Boraginaceae | <i>Carmona retusa</i> | Heen tambala | SC,HG | C | Shrub |
| Boraginaceae | <i>Cordia</i> sp. | Lolu | SC, | C | Tree |
| Boraginaceae | <i>Heliotropium indicum</i> | Eth-honda, Dimi biya | SC,RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Cactaceae | <i>Opuntia dillenii</i> ^{IAS} | Katu pathok | SC,RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Capparaceae | <i>Capparis sepiaria</i> | | SC | C | Shrub |
| Capparaceae | <i>Crateva adansonii</i> | Lunu warana | SC,RD,HG | C | Tree |
| Caricaceae | <i>Carica papaya</i> | Gas labu, Papol | HG,CL | C | Shrub |
| Celastraceae | <i>Cassine glauca</i> ^E | Neralu | SD,RD,HG,MX | C | Tree |
| Celastraceae | <i>Maytenus emarginata</i> | | SD,RD | C | Shrub |
| Ceratophyllaceae | <i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i> | | MX,MS | C | Herb |
| Chenopodiaceae | <i>Halosarcia indica</i> | | SM | VC | Herb |
| Colchicaceae | <i>Gloriosa superba</i> | Niyangala | SC,RD | C | Climber |
| Combretaceae | <i>Lumnitzera racemosa</i> | Beriya | MC,MX | C | Shrub |
| Combretaceae | <i>Terminalia bellirica</i> | Bulu | HG | UC | Tree |
| Commelinaceae | <i>Commelina clavata</i> | | RD,SW | C | Herb |
| Commelinaceae | <i>Commelina</i> sp. | | RS,HG,RD, SC,GL | C | Herb |
| Commelinaceae | <i>Cyanotis</i> sp. | | SC,RD | UC | Herb |
| Convolvulaceae | <i>Argyreia</i> sp. | | HG,RD, | C | Climber |
| Convolvulaceae | <i>Evolvulus alsinoides</i> | Wishnukraanthi | G,CL | VC | Herb |
| Convolvulaceae | <i>Ipomoea aquatica</i> | Kankung | RS,MX, | C | Herb |
| Convolvulaceae | <i>Ipomoea pes-caprae</i> | Mudu bin tamburu | SD,BC | C | Herb |
| Convolvulaceae | <i>Ipomoea pes-tigridis</i> | Divi adiya,Divi pahuru | HG,RD, | C | Climber |
| Crassulaceae | <i>Kalanchoe pinnata</i> ¹ | Akkapana, Rata gowa | SC,HG,RD | C | Herb |
| Cucurbitaceae | <i>Trichosanthes cucumerina</i> | Dum mella, Kunu mella | SC,HG,RD | C | Climber |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Cyperus stoloniferus</i> | | SM,SW | C | Herb |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Cyperus arenarius</i> | Mudu kalanduru | SD | C | Herb |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Cyperus bulbosus</i> | | SD | C | Herb |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Cyperus rotundus</i> | Kalanduru | RS,PW,SW, GL,MS | C | Herb |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Cyperus</i> sp. | | MS | C | Herb |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Elaeocharis geniculata</i> | | RS,PW,SW,MS | C | Herb |
| Cyperaceae | <i>Kyllinga nemoralis</i> | Mottu thana | G | C | Herb |
| Dracaenaceae | <i>Sansevieria zeylanica</i> | Niyanda | SC,G, | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Croton aromaticus</i> | Wel kappitiya | SC,HG | C | Shrub |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Croton bonplandianus</i> ¹ | | GL,HG,SC,RD | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Croton hirtus</i> ¹ | Wal tippili, Gas veda | GL,HG,SC,RD | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Euphorbia antiquorum</i> | Daluk | SC,RD,HG | C | Herb |

| Family | Species | Common Name | Habitat | Abund- ance | Life- form |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i> ¹ | | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Euphorbia hirta</i> | Budadakiriya | G | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Euphorbia thymifolia</i> | Bin dada kiriya | G,SC,HG | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Euphorbia tirucalli</i> ¹ | Nawa handi | SC,HG,RD | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Excoecaria agallocha</i> | Tela kiriya, Tala kiriya | MC,MX | C | Shrub |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Flueggea leucopyrus</i> | Heen katu pila | SC,RD | C | Shrub |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Jatropha curcas</i> ¹ | Weta endaru, Rata endaru | RD,HG, | C | Shrub |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Jatropha gossypiifolia</i> ¹ | | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Phyllanthus amarus</i> | Pita-wakka | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Phyllanthus</i> sp. | | SC,GL | C | Shrub |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Ricinus communis</i> ¹ | Endaru | RD,HG, | C | Shrub |
| Fabaceae | <i>Acacia melanoxylon</i> ¹ | | MX,RD,HG | UC | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Acacia planifrons</i> | | SC | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Aeschynomene indica</i> | Diya siyambala | MS,MX | C | Shrub |
| Fabaceae | <i>Bauhinia racemosa</i> | Maila | SC,HG | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Caesalpinia bonduc</i> | Kalu vavulatiya, Kumburu wel | RD,SC,HG, | C | Climber |
| Fabaceae | <i>Cassia auriculata</i> | Ranawara | SC,HG,RD | VC | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Cassia fistula</i> ¹ | Ehela | SC,HG | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Cassia mimosoides</i> | Bin siyambala | SC,GL,HG | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Cassia occidentalis</i> | Peni tora | SC,GL | C | Shrub |
| Fabaceae | <i>Cassia</i> sp. | | SC | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Cassia tora</i> | Peti tora | SC,G | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Crotalaria</i> sp. | | SC,SD,G, HG,RD | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Derris scandens</i> | Kalawel, Ala wel | M,MX | C | Climber |
| Fabaceae | <i>Desmodium</i> sp. | | G,HG | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Desmodium triflorum</i> | Heen undupiyaliya | G,HG,RD, | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Dichrostachys cinerea</i> | Andara | SC,RD,HG, | C | Shrub |
| Fabaceae | <i>Gliricidia sepium</i> | Ladappa | RD,HG | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Leucaena leucocephala</i> ^{IAS} | Ipil ipil | HG | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Mimosa pudica</i> ¹ | Nidikumba | HG,RD | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Neptunia oleracea</i> | Diya nidikumba | MX,MS | C | Herb |
| Fabaceae | <i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i> ^{IAS} | | HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Pithecellobium dulce</i> ¹ | | RD | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Prosopis juliflora</i> ^{IAS} | Katu andara | RD,HG, | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Tamarindus indica</i> ¹ | Siyambala | HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Fabaceae | <i>Tephrosia purpurea</i> | Pila, Gam pila | HG,RD | C | Herb |
| Hydrocharitaceae | <i>Ottelia alismoides</i> | | MS,MX,SW | C | Herb |
| Lamiaceae | <i>Hyptis capitata</i> ¹ | | RD,HG, | C | Herb |
| Lamiaceae | <i>Leucas zeylanica</i> | Geta thumba | RD,HG,G | C | Herb |

| Family | Species | Common Name | Habitat | Abund- ance | Life- form |
|-----------------|--|---------------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|
| Loranthaceae | <i>Dendrophthoe falcata</i> | Pilila | RD,SC,HG, | C | Shrub |
| Lythraceae | <i>Lawsonia inermis</i> | Marathondi | HG | C | Shrub |
| Malvaceae | <i>Abutilon indicum</i> | Anoda | RD,HG,SC | C | Herb |
| Malvaceae | <i>Hibiscus micranthus</i> | Bebila | SC,HG,RD | C | Herb |
| Malvaceae | <i>Hibiscus tiliaceus</i> | Beli patta | MX,RD | C | Shrub |
| Malvaceae | <i>Hibiscus vitifolius</i> | Maha epala | RD,HG,SC | C | Shrub |
| Malvaceae | <i>Pavonia odorata</i> | | RD,HG,SC | C | Herb |
| Malvaceae | <i>Sida acuta</i> | Gas bevila | RD,HG,SC | C | Herb |
| Malvaceae | <i>Sida cordifolia</i> | Heen anoda, Wel bevila | RD,HG,SC | C | Herb |
| Malvaceae | <i>Thespesia populnea</i> | Suriya, Gansuriya | RD,HG | VC | Tree |
| Malvaceae | <i>Urena lobata</i> | Patta epala | RD,HG,SC | C | Herb |
| Marsiliaceae | <i>Marsilia quadrifolia</i> | | MX,MS,SW | C | Herb |
| Martyniaceae | <i>Martynia annua</i> ¹ | Naga darana | RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Melastomataceae | <i>Memecylon sylvaticum</i> ^E | Kora kaha | SC,RD,HG | C | Shrub |
| Melastomataceae | <i>Memecylon urceolatum</i> | | SC,RD,HG | C | Shrub |
| Meliaceae | <i>Azadirachta indica</i> | Kohomba | RD,HG,SC | C | Tree |
| Menyanthaceae | <i>Nymphoides hydrophylla</i> | Heen ambala | MS,SW,MX | C | Herb |
| Molluginaceae | <i>Mollugo pentaphylla</i> | | SD | C | Herb |
| Moraceae | <i>Ficus benghalensis</i> | Maha nuga | RD | C | Tree |
| Moraceae | <i>Ficus racemosa</i> | Attikka | RD | UC | Tree |
| Moraceae | <i>Ficus tinctoria</i> | Wal ehetu, Gas netul | RD | UC | Tree |
| Moringaceae | <i>Moringa oleifera</i> ¹ | Murunga | HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Musaceae | <i>Musa x paradisiaca</i> ¹ | Kehel | HG | C | Herb |
| Myrsinaceae | <i>Aegiceras corniculata</i> | Heen kadol | MC,MX | C | Shrub |
| Myrsinaceae | <i>Ardisia willisii</i> | Lunu dan, Badulu dan | MX | C | Shrub |
| Nelumbonaceae | <i>Nelumbo nucifera</i> | Nelum | PW,MS | C | Herb |
| Nymphaeaceae | <i>Nymphaea pubescens</i> | Olu | PW,MS | C | Herb |
| Onagraceae | <i>Ludwigia</i> sp. ¹ | | MS,MX | C | Herb |
| Pandanaceae | <i>Pandanus odoratissimus</i> | Wetakeyiya, Mudukeyiya | BC | C | Shrub |
| Periplocaceae | <i>Hemidesmus indicus</i> | Heen iramusu | HG,RD,SC,G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Axonopus compressus</i> | Potu tana | HG | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Axonopus fissifolius</i> | Heen potu tana | HG | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Ruha | G,SD | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Dactyloctenium aegeyptium</i> | Putu tana | G,HG | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Digitaria ciliaris</i> | Guru tana | G,HG | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Digitaria longiflora</i> | | G,HG | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Eragrostis gangetica</i> | Ela kuruthana | G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Isachne globosa</i> | Bata della | G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Isachne kunthiana</i> | | G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Ischaemum ciliare</i> | Rata tana | G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Ischaemum rugosum</i> | Kudu kedu | G | C | Herb |

| Family | Species | Common Name | Habitat | Abund- ance | Life- form |
|------------------|--|-------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Poaceae | <i>Panicum maximum</i> ^{IAS} | Rata-tana | SW,G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Panicum repens</i> | Etora | G, MS | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Paspalum scrobiculatum</i> | Amu | G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Paspalum vaginatum</i> | | G | C | Herb |
| Poaceae | <i>Spinifex littoreus</i> | Maha rawana ravla | SD,BC | C | Herb |
| Polygonaceae | <i>Persicaria glabra</i> | | RS | C | Herb |
| Pontederiaceae | <i>Eichhornia crassipes</i> ^{IAS} | Japan jabara | PW,MS | C | Herb |
| Pontederiaceae | <i>Monochoria vaginalis</i> | Diya habarala | MS,MX,SW | C | Herb |
| Potamogetonaceae | <i>Potamogeton</i> sp. | | PW | C | Herb |
| Potamogetonaceae | <i>Ruppia maritima</i> | | PW | C | Herb |
| Pteridaceae | <i>Acrostichum aureum</i> | Karen koku | MC,MX | VC | Herb |
| Punicaceae | <i>Punica granatum</i> ¹ | Delum | HG | C | Shrub |
| Rhamnaceae | <i>Scutia myrtina</i> | | SC | C | Shrub |
| Rhamnaceae | <i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i> | Masan,Dabara | SC,RD,HG | VC | Shrub |
| Rhamnaceae | <i>Ziziphus oenoplia</i> | Heen-eraminiya | SC,RD,HG | C | Shrub |
| Rhizophoraceae | <i>Bruguiera gymnorhiza</i> | Mal kadol | MC,MX | C | Tree |
| Rhizophoraceae | <i>Ceriops tagal</i> | | M | C | Tree |
| Rhizophoraceae | <i>Rhizophora mucronata</i> | Kadol | MC,MX | C | Tree |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Canthium coromandelicum</i> | Kara | SC,RD | C | Tree |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Hydrophylax maritima</i> | | SD,BC | VC | Herb |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Ixora coccinea</i> | Ratambala | SC,MX,HG,RD | C | Shrub |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Ixora pavetta</i> | Maha ratambala | HG,SC,RD | C | Tree |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Morinda coreia</i> | Ahu | SC,HG | C | Tree |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Randia dumetorum</i> | Kukurumaanna | SC | UC | Shrub |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Tarennia asiatica</i> | Tarana | SC,RD | C | Tree |
| Rutaceae | <i>Atalantia ceylanica</i> | Yakinaran | SC | C | Shrub |
| Rutaceae | <i>Glycosmis mauritiana</i> | | SC | C | Shrub |
| Rutaceae | <i>Limonia acidissima</i> | Divul, Diwul | SC,HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Salvadoraceae | <i>Azima tetracantha</i> | | SC,HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Salvadoraceae | <i>Salvadora persica</i> | Maliththan | SC,HG,RD | VC | Tree |
| Salviniaceae | <i>Salvinia molesta</i> ^{IAS} | Salvinia | MS | UC | Herb |
| Santalaceae | <i>Santalum album</i> ¹ | Sudu handun | HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Sapindaceae | <i>Cardiospermum halicacabum</i> | Penela wel | HG | C | Climber |
| Sapindaceae | <i>Schleichera oleosa</i> | Koon | HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Sapotaceae | <i>Manilkara hexandra</i> | Palu | SC,HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Scrophulariaceae | <i>Bacopa monnieri</i> | Lunu wila | MX,MS,SW | C | Herb |
| Solanaceae | <i>Capsicum annuum</i> | Miris | CL | C | Herb |
| Solanaceae | <i>Solanum melongena</i> | Ela batu | HG,RD,SC | C | Herb |
| Sonneratiaceae | <i>Sonneratia caseolaris</i> | Kirala | MC,MX | C | Tree |
| Sterculiaceae | <i>Waltheria indica</i> | | HG,RD, | C | Herb |
| Tiliaceae | <i>Berrya cordifolia</i> | Hal milla | HG | C | Tree |

| Family | Species | Common Name | Habitat | Abund- ance | Life- form |
|----------------|--|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Tiliaceae | <i>Grewia damine</i> | Daminiya | HG,RD | C | Tree |
| Tiliaceae | <i>Grewia orientalis</i> | Wel keliya, Wel mediya | SC,HG,RD | C | Shrub |
| Typhaceae | <i>Typha angustifolia</i> | Hambu pan | MS,MX,PW | VC | Herb |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Clerodendrum inerme</i> | Wal gurenda, Bu renda | MX | C | Shrub |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Clerodendrum infortunatum</i> | Gas pinna, Pinna kole | SC | C | Shrub |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Lantana camara</i> ^{IAS} | | SC,RD,HG | C | Shrub |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Phyla nodiflora</i> | Hiramana datta | SD | C | Herb |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Premna tomentosa</i> | Seru, Boo seru | SC,RD | C | Tree |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i> ¹ | Balu nakuta | RD,HG,SC | C | Herb |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Tectona grandis</i> ¹ | Thekka, Tekka | HG,CL | C | Tree |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Vitex altissima</i> | Milla | HG,RD,SC | C | Tree |
| Verbenaceae | <i>Vitex negundo</i> | Nika | SD,RD,HG | C | Tree |
| Viscaceae | <i>Viscum orientale</i> | Pilila | SC,RD,HG | C | Herb |
| Vitaceae | <i>Cayratia trifolia</i> | Walrat diya labu | MC,MX | C | Climber |
| Vitaceae | <i>Cissus quadrangularis</i> | Heeressa, Seerassa | SC,RD | C | Herb |
| Zygophyllaceae | <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> | Gokatu | GL,SC,HG | C | Herb |

Total species = 209 (Including 3 endemics, 27 Introduced species, 1 Nationally threatened species and 11 Invasive alien species)

Life forms = Climbers 12, Herbs 113, Shrubs 39 and Trees 45.

Annex 2

List of fish species recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

Habitat : L - Lagoon, T - Tank, I - Irrigation Canal, R - River, M - Marsh
Habit : SD - Salt water dispersant, M - Marine, F - Freshwater, B - Brackish water
Relative : VC - Very Common; C - Common; UC - Uncommon; R - Rare; VR - Very Rare
Abundance
Status : E - Endemic, T - Nationally Threatened, I - Introduced

| Family | Species | Common name | Habitat | Abundance |
|------------------|---|------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Anguillidae | <i>Anguilla bicolor</i> | Level finned Eel | R,L | R |
| Clupeidae | <i>Nematalosa nasus</i> | Bloch's Gizzard Shad | L | VC |
| Engraulididae | <i>Trysa puruwa</i> | Obliquejaw thryssa | L | C |
| Cyprinidae | <i>Puntius bimaculatus</i> | Red-side Barb | I | UC |
| | <i>Puntius vittatus</i> | Silver Barb | I | UC |
| | <i>Puntius sarana</i> | Olive Barb | R | C |
| | <i>Puntius singhala</i> ^E | Filamented Barb | R,T | C |
| | <i>Puntius chola</i> | Swamp Barb | R,T,M | UC |
| | <i>Puntius amphibius</i> | Scarlet-banded Barb | R,T,M | UC |
| | <i>Esomus thermoicos</i> ^{E,T} | Flying Barb | T | UC |
| | <i>Rasbora caverii</i> | Common Rasbora | I | C |
| Cobitidae | <i>Lepidocephalichthys thermalis</i> | Common Spiny Loach | I | UC |
| Ariidae | <i>Arius jella</i> | Sea Catfish | R,L | UC |
| Bagridae | <i>Mystus gulio</i> | Long-whiskered Catfish | R,L | C |
| | <i>Mystus keletius</i> | Yellow Catfish | R,L | UC |
| Clariidae | <i>Clarias brachysoma</i> ^{E,T} | Walking Catfish | M,R | UC |
| Heteropneustidae | <i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i> | Stinging Catfish | M,R | UC |
| Oryziidae | <i>Oryzias melastigma</i> | Blue eyes | R,L,T,M | VC |
| Aplocheilidae | <i>Aplocheilus parvus</i> | Dwarf Panchax | R,L,T,M | VC |
| Syngnathidae | <i>Microphis</i> sp | Pipe Fish | R | R |
| Ambassidae | <i>Ambassis commersoni</i> | Common Glassfish | R,T | C |
| Terapontidae | <i>Terapon jarbua</i> | Jarbua Terapon | R,L | C |
| Charangidae | <i>Caranx sexfasciatus</i> | Bigeye Travally | R,L | C |
| | <i>Caranx</i> sp. | Travally | L | UC |
| Gerreidae | <i>Gerres abbreviatus</i> | Deep-body Silverbiddy | R,L | VC |
| Chiclidae | <i>Oriochromis mossambicus</i> ^I | Tilapia | R,L,T | VC |
| | <i>Oriochromis niloticus</i> ^I | Nile Tilapia | R,L | C |
| | <i>Etroplus suratensis</i> | Pearl Spot | R,L,T | C |
| Mugilidae | <i>Liza macrolepis</i> | Larger Scale Mullet | R,L | C |
| Gobiidae | <i>Glossogobius giuris</i> | Bar-eyed Goby | R,L | UC |
| Eleotridae | <i>Eleophis fusca</i> | Brown gudgeon | R | R |
| Anabantidae | <i>Anabas testudineus</i> | Climbing Perch | R,M | UC |
| Belontidae | <i>Osphronemus goramy</i> ^I | Giant guramy | R | R |
| Channidae | <i>Channa striata</i> | Murrel | R,M,L | C |
| | <i>Channa gachua</i> | Brown Snakehead | M,L,I | UC |

Annex 3

List of amphibians recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

Habitat : **Sc** - Scrubland; **Gr** - Grassland; **Po** - Pond; **Ma** - Marshland; **Mn** - Mangrove; **Sm** - Salt Marsh; **Sd** - Coastal Sand Dune; **S** - Sea; **Ho** - Home Garden; **Ch** - Chena; **Pa** - Paddy Field; **Co** - Coconut Plantation

Relative Abundance : **VC** - Very Common; **C** - Common; **UC** - Uncommon; **R** - Rare; **VR** - Very Rare

Status : **E** - Endemic, **T** - Nationally Threatened

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|--------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Bufonidae | <i>Bufo scaber</i> | Ferguson's Dwarf Toad | Sm, Ho, Ma, Co, Ch & Mn | VC |
| | <i>Bufo melanostictus</i> | Common Toad | Co & Ho | C |
| Microhylidae | <i>Uperodon systoma</i> | Baloon Frog | Sm | UC |
| | <i>Mycrohyla ornata</i> | Ornate Narrow- mouthed Frog | Ma, Co & Pa | C |
| | <i>Microhyla rubrum</i> | Red Narrow-mouthed Frog | Co | UC |
| Ranidae | <i>Kaloula taprobanica</i> | Common Bull Frog | Ho & Co | UC |
| | <i>Sphaerotheca breviceps</i> | Banded Sand Frog | Co, Ho & Sc | C |
| | <i>Sphaerotheca rolandae</i> | Marbled Sand Frog | Gr | UC |
| | <i>Limnonectes limnocharis</i> | Common Paddy Field Frog | Ma, Ho, Sc, Pa & Mn | VC |
| | <i>Hoplobatrachus crassus</i> | Indian Bull Frog | Sc, Ho, Gr & Pa | C |
| | <i>Euphlyctis cyanophlyctis</i> | Skipper Frog | Ho, Pa, Ma, Sc, Mn, Gr & Ch | VC |
| | <i>Euphlyctis hexadactyla</i> | Six-toed Green Frog | P, Sc & Ho | C |
| | <i>Polypedates maculatus</i> | Chunam Tree-Frog | Gr | C |

3 Families, 13 Species

Annex 4

List of reptiles recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

Habitat : **Sc** - Scrubland; **Gr** - Grassland; **Po** - Pond; **Ma** - Marshland; **Mn** - Mangrove; **Sm** - Salt Marsh; **Sd** - Coastal Sand Dune; **S** - Sea; **Ho** - Home Garden; **Ch** - Chena; **Pa** - Paddy Field; **Co** - Coconut Plantation

Relative Abundance : **VC** - Very Common; **C** - Common; **UC** - Uncommon; **R** - Rare; **VR** - Very Rare Status:

Abundance **E** Endemic, **T** Nationally Threatened

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Crocodylidae | <i>Crocodylus palustris</i> ^T | Mugger | Ma | UC |
| Bataguridae | <i>Melanochelys trijuga</i> ^T | Parker's Black Turtle | Pa & Mn | UC |
| Cheloniidae | <i>Chelonia mydas</i> ^T | Green Turtle | Sd | C |
| | <i>Lepidochelys olivacea</i> ^T | Olive Redley Sea Turtle | S | C |
| Dermochelyidae | <i>Dermochelys coriacea</i> ^T | Leatherback turtle | S | UC |
| Trionychidae | <i>Lissemys punctata</i> ^T | Flapshell Turtle | Pa, Mn & Ma | C |
| Agamidae | <i>Calotes calotes</i> | Green Garden Lizard | Sc & Mn | R |
| | <i>Calotes versicolor</i> | Common Garden Lizard | Ho, Co, Sd, Mn, Sc & Ch | VC |
| Gekkonidae | <i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i> | Common House Gecko | Ho, Co, Sc & Ch | VC |
| | <i>Hemidactylus brookii</i> | Spotted House Gecko | Ho | VC |
| | <i>Hemidactylus triedrus</i> | Termitehill Gecko | Gr & Sc | C |
| | <i>Hemidactylus leschenaulti</i> | Bark Gecko | Mn | UC |
| | <i>Gehyra mutilata</i> | Four Claw Gecko | Ho | UC |
| Scincidae | <i>Mabuya carinata</i> | Common Skink | Co & Ho | C |
| | <i>Mabuya macularia</i> | Bronzgreen Little Skink | Sc | UC |
| | <i>Mabuya madaraszi</i> ^{E, T} | Spotted Skink | Ho | VR |
| | <i>Lankascincus fallax</i> ^E | Commom Lanka Skink | Ho | UC |
| | <i>Lygosoma punctata</i> | Dotted Garden Skink | Ch | UC |
| Varanidae | <i>Varanus salvator</i> | Water Monitor | Sd, Ma, Mn, Sc, Ho, Po & Pa | VC |
| | <i>Varanus bengalensis</i> | Land Monitor | Pa, Sc, Gr, Mn, Ho & Ch | VC |
| Typhlopidae | <i>Ramphotyphlops braminus</i> | Commom Blind Snake | Ho | R |
| Boidae | <i>Python molurus</i> ^T | Indian Rock Python | Ho & Sc | VR |
| Colubridae | <i>Ahaetulla nasuta</i> | Green Vine Snake | Ho | UC |
| | <i>Amphiesma stolata</i> | Buff-Striped Keelback | Pa & Ho | UC |
| | <i>Atretium schistosum</i> | The Olive Keelback | Pa | R |
| | <i>Boiga trigonata</i> | Gamma Cat Snake | Ho | C |
| | <i>Cerberus rynchops</i> | Dog faced Watersnake | Mn | UC |
| | <i>Dendrelaphis tristis</i> | Common Bronzeback | Mn & Sc | UC |
| | <i>Lycodon aulicus</i> | The Commom Wolf Snake | Sc | R |
| | <i>Lycodon osmanhilli</i> ^{E, T} | - | Gr | VR |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Elapidae | <i>Lycodon striatus</i> | Shaw's Wolf Snake | Ho & Sc | R |
| | <i>Oligodon arnensis</i> | Kukri Snake | Sc | UC |
| | <i>Oligodon taeniolatus</i> | Varigated Kukri Snake | Ho | UC |
| | <i>Ptyas mucosa</i> | The Common Rat Snake | Pa & Sc | UC |
| | <i>Xenochrophis asperrimus</i> ^{E,T} | Common Pond Snake | Mn & Ma | VR |
| | <i>Xenochrophis piscator</i> | Checkered Keelback | Pa & Ma | C |
| | <i>Bungarus caeruleus</i> | The Common Indian Krait | Pa | UC |
| | <i>Calliophis melanurus</i> | The Slender Coral Snake | Ho | VR |
| | <i>Hydrophis cynocinctus</i> | The Chittul | S | C |
| | <i>Hydrophis gracilis</i> | John's Sea Snake | S | VR |
| Viperidae | <i>Hydrophis spiralis</i> | The Narrow-banded sea Snake | S | C |
| | <i>Naja naja</i> | Cobra | Ho & Pa | UC |
| Viperidae | <i>Daboia russelii</i> | Russell's Viper | Pa & Ho | UC |

13 Families, 43 Species, 4 Endemic, 7 Nationally Threatened.

Annex 5

List of birds recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Habitat | : Sc - Scrubland; Gr - Grassland; Ew - Euphorbia woodland; Rb - Reed bed; Mn - Mangrove; Sd - Coastal Sand Dune & Beach; Ch - Chena & Home Garden; Pd - Paddyfield; Cp - Coconut Plantation; Lg - Lagoon; Ms - Marshland; Tn - Freshwater Tank, Hs - Hyper saline lagoon |
| Relative Abundance | : VC - Very Common; C - Common; UC - Uncommon; R - Rare; VR - Very Rare |
| Status | : E - Endemic, T - Nationally Threatened, WV - Wintor Visitor, V - Vagrant |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|-------------------|--|---|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Accipitridae | <i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i> | Oriental Honey-buzzard | Sc, Mn, Ch | U |
| Podicipedidae | <i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> | Little Grebe | Lg, Tn | UC |
| Pelicanidae | <i>Pelecanus philippensis</i> ^T | Spot-billed Pelican | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs | C |
| Phalacrocoracidae | <i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i> ^T | Great Cormorant | Mn, Tn, Lg | UC |
| | <i>Phalacrocorax fuscicollis</i> | Indian Cormorant (Indian Shag) | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs | C |
| | <i>Phalacrocorax niger</i> | Little Cormorant | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| Anhingidae | <i>Anhinga melanogaster</i> | Oriental Darter | Mn, Tn, Lg | C |
| Ardeidae | <i>Ardea cinerea</i> | Grey Heron | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Ardea purpurea</i> | Purple Heron | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Casmerodius albus</i> | Great Egret | Mn, Pd, Tn, Hs, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Mesophoyx intermedia</i> | Intermediate Egret | Mn, Pd, Hs, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Egretta garzetta</i> | Little Egret | Mn, Pd, Hs, Tn, Lg, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Egretta gularis</i> ^{WV} | Western Reef Egret | Lg, Sd | R |
| | <i>Bubulcus ibis</i> | Cattle Egret | Gr, Mn, Pd, Hs, Tn, Lg, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Ardeola grayii</i> | Indian Pond Heron | Gr, Mn, Pd, Hs, Tn, Lg, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Butorides striatus</i> | Striated Heron (Little Green Heron) | Mn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i> | Black-crowned Night Heron | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i> | Yellow Bittern | Mn, Lg, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Ixobrychus cinnamomeus</i> | Cinnamon Bittern (Chestnut Bittern) | Mn, Lg, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Ixobrychus flavicollis</i> | Black Bittern | Mn, Lg, Ms | UC |
| Ciconiidae | <i>Mycteria leucocephala</i> | Painted Stork | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Anastomus oscitans</i> | Asian Openbill | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| Threskiornithidae | <i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i> | Black-headed Ibis (White Ibis) | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Plegadis falcinellus</i> ^{WV} | Glossy Ibis | Ms | R |
| | <i>Platalea leucorodia</i> | Eurasian Spoonbill | Mn, Lg, Ms | U |
| Anatidae | <i>Dendrocygna javanica</i> | Lesser Whistling Duck (Whistling Teal) | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Anas acuta</i> ^{WV} | Northern Pintail | Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Anas querquedula</i> ^{WV} | Garganey | Lg, Ms | VC |
| Accipitridae | <i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i> | Oriental Honey-buzzard | Sc, Mn, Ch | U |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Falconidae | <i>Haliastur indus</i> | Brahminy Kite | Sc, Mn, Ch, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i> | White-bellied Fish Eagle | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Ichthyophaga ichthyaetus</i> | Grey-headed Fish Eagle | Tn, Lg | R |
| | <i>Spilornis cheela</i> | Crested Serpent Eagle | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Circus pygargus</i> | Montagu's Harrier | Sc, Mn, Lg | UC |
| | <i>Circus aeruginosus</i> ^{WV} | Western Marsh Harrier | Mn, Lg, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Accipiter badius</i> | Shikra | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch | C |
| | <i>Hieraetus pennatus</i> ^{WV} | Booted Eagle | Sc | VR |
| | <i>Falco peregrinus</i> ^{WV} | Peregrine Falcon | Cp | VR |
| | <i>Gallus lafayettii</i> ^E | Sri Lanka Jungle Fowl | Gr, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| Phasianidae | <i>Pavo cristatus</i> | Indian Peafowl | Gr, Sd, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Ew | C |
| | <i>Porzana fusca</i> ^T | Ruddy-breasted Crake | Mn, Ms | VR |
| | <i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i> | White-breasted Waterhen | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| Rallidae | <i>Gallinula chloropus</i> | Common Moorhen | Lg, Tn, Ms | R |
| | <i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i> | Purple Swamp Hen (Purple Coot) | Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i> | Pheasant-tailed Jacana | Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| Recurvirostridae | <i>Himantopus himantopus</i> | Black-winged Stilt | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| Burhinidae | <i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i> | Eurasian Thick-knee (Stone Curlew) | Gr, Sd, Sc, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| Glareolidae | <i>Esacus recurvirostris</i> ^T | Great Thick-knee | Gr, Sd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Glareola maldivarum</i> | Oriental Pratincole | Gr, Ms | R |
| Charadriidae | <i>Vanellus malabaricus</i> ^T | Yellow-wattled Lapwing | Gr, Sc, Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Vanellus indicus</i> | Red-wattled Lapwing | Gr, Sc, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Pluvialis fulva</i> ^{WV} | Pacific Golden Plover | Gr, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Pluvialis squatarola</i> ^{WV} | Grey Plover | Lg, Hs, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Charadrius hiaticula</i> ^V | Common Ringed Plover | Gr, Lg, Ms | VR |
| Scolopacidae | <i>Charadrius dubius</i> | Little Ringed Plover | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | R |
| | <i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i> | Kentish Plover | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | R |
| | <i>Charadrius mongolus</i> ^{WV} | Mongolian Plover (Lesser Sand Plover) | Gr, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i> ^{WV} | Greater Sand Plover | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Limosa limosa</i> ^{WV} | Black-tailed Godwit | Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Numenius phaeopus</i> ^{WV} | Whimbrel | Sd, Pd, Lg, Hs, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Tringa totanus</i> ^{WV} | Common Redshank | Mn, Pd, Tn, Hs, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Tringa stagnatilis</i> ^{WV} | Marsh Sandpiper | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Tringa nebularia</i> ^{WV} | Common Greenshank | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Tringa glareola</i> ^{WV} | Wood Sandpiper | Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Actitis Hypoleucos</i> | Common Sandpiper | Gr, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Arenaria interpres</i> ^{WV} | Ruddy Turnstone | Gr, Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Gallinago stenura</i> ^{WV} | Pintail Snipe | Ms | C |
| | <i>Calidris minuta</i> ^{WV} | Little Stint | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|---|---|--|--------------------|
| Laridae | <i>Calidris subminuta</i> ^{WV} | Long-toed Stint | Ms | VR |
| | <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> ^{WV} | Curlew Sandpiper | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | C |
| | <i>Philomachus pugnax</i> ^{WV} | Ruff | Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Larus brunnicephalus</i> ^{WV} | Brown-headed Gull | Sd, Lg, Hs | R |
| | <i>Chlidonias hybridus</i> | Whiskered Tern | Sd, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i> ^{WV} | White-winged Tern | Lg, Hs | R |
| | <i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i> | Gull-billed Tern | Sd, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, | C |
| | | | Ms | |
| Columbidae | <i>Hydroprogne caspia</i> ^{WV} | Caspian Tern | Sd, Lg, Hs | C |
| | <i>Sterna hirundo</i> ^{WV} | Common Tern | Lg, Hs | R |
| | <i>Sterna albifrons</i> | Little Tern | Lg, Hs | UC |
| | <i>Sterna saundersi</i> | Saunders's Tern | Sd | UC |
| | <i>Thalasseus bergii</i> | Great Crested Tern | Sd, Lg, Hs | UC |
| | <i>Thalasseus bengalensis</i> ^{WV} | Lesser Crested Tern | Sd, Lg, Hs | UC |
| | <i>Anous stolidus</i> ^V | Brown Noddy (Common Noddy) | Sd | VR |
| | | | | |
| Psittacidae | <i>Columba livia</i> | Rock Pigeon (Feral Pigeon) | Gr, Sd, Sc, Cp, Ch, Pd, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Streptopelia chinensis</i> | Spotted Dove | Gr, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Ew, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Treron bicincta</i> | Orange-breasted Green Pigeon | Sc, Mn, Ch | C |
| | <i>Treron pompadoura</i> ^E | Ceylon Green Pigeon | Sc, Mn, Ch | C |
| Cuculidae | <i>Psittacula eupatria</i> | Alexandrine Parakeet (Ceylon Large Parakeet) | Sc, Mn | VR |
| | <i>Psittacula krameri</i> | Rose-ringed Parakeet | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd | VC |
| | <i>Clamator coromandus</i> ^{WV} | Chestnut-winged Cuckoo | Mn | R |
| | <i>Oxylophus jacobinus</i> | Pied Cuckoo (Pied Crested Cuckoo) | Sc, Ew | UC |
| Strigidae | <i>Cacomantis merulinus</i> | Plaintive Cuckoo | Sc, Ch | UC |
| | <i>Eudynamys scolopacea</i> | Asian Koel | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| | <i>Rhopodytes viridirostris</i> | Blue-faced Malkoha | Sc, Ch | C |
| | <i>Centropus sinensis</i> | Greater Coucal (Common Coucal) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| Caprimulgidae | <i>Otus bakkamoena</i> | Collared Scops Owl (Indian Scops Owl) | Sc, Ch | R |
| | <i>Bubo zeylonensis</i> | Brown Fish Owl | Sd, Sc | R |
| | <i>Glaucidium radiatum</i> | Jungle Owlet | Sc, Ch | R |
| | <i>Caprimulgus atripennis</i> | Jerdon's Nightjar (Long-tailed Nightjar) | Gr, Sd, Sc | UC |
| Apodidae | <i>Caprimulgus asiaticus</i> | Indian Nightjar (Common Nightjar) | Gr, Sd, Sc | C |
| | <i>Aerodramus unicolor</i> | Indian Swiftlet (Edible-nest Swiftlet) | Gr, Sd, Sc, Mn, Ch | C |
| | <i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i> | Asian Palm Swift | Gr, Sd, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Ew, Ms" | UC |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | <i>Apus affinis</i> | Little Swift (White-rumped Swift) | Gr, Sc, Ch, Ms | UC |
| Hemiprocnidae | <i>Hemiprocne longipennis</i> | Grey-rumped Treeswift | Sc, Mn, Ch | R |
| Alcedinidae | <i>Ceryle rudis</i> | Pied Kingfisher | Mn, Tn, Lg | UC |
| | <i>Alcedo atthis</i> | Common Kingfisher | Mn, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms, Sm | UC |
| | <i>Halcyon capensis</i> | Stork-billed Kingfisher | Pd, Tn, Lg" | C |
| | <i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i> | White-throated Kingfisher | Mn, Ch, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| Meropidae | <i>Merops orientalis</i> | Little Green Bee-eater | Gr, Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| | <i>Merops philippinus</i> ^{WV} | Blue-tailed Bee-eater | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Merops leschenaulti</i> | Chestnut-headed Bee-eater | Sc, Mn, Ch | C |
| Coraciidae | <i>Coracias benghalensis</i> | Indian Roller | Sc, Mn, Pr, Pd | C |
| Capitonidae | <i>Megalaima zeylanica</i> | Brown-headed Barbet | Sc, Mn, Pr, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Megalaima haemacephala</i> | Coppersmith Barbet (Crimson-breasted Barbet) | Sc, Ch | R |
| Picidae | <i>Picoides moluccensis</i> | Brown-capped Woodpecker (Pygmy Woodpecker) | Sc, Mn | R |
| | <i>Picoides mahrattensis</i> | Yellow-crowned Woodpecker | Sc | R |
| | <i>Dinopium benghalense</i> | Black-rumped Flameback (Red-backed Woodpecker) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| Pittidae | <i>Pitta brachyura</i> ^{WV} | Indian Pitta | Sc, Ch, Ew | C |
| Alaudidae | <i>Mirafra assamica</i> | Rufous-winged Lark | Gr, Sc, Pd | UC |
| | <i>Alauda gulgula</i> | Oriental Skylark | Gr, Sc, Pd | UC |
| | <i>Eremopterix grisea</i> | Ashy-crowned Sparrow Lark | Gr, Sc, Pd | VC |
| Hirundinidae | <i>Hirundo rustica</i> ^{WV} | Barn Swallow (East Asian Swallow) | Gr, Sd, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Ew, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Hirundo hyperythra</i> ^E | Ceylon Swallow | Gr, Sc, Cp, Ch | UC |
| Motacillidae | <i>Dendronanthus indicus</i> ^{WV} | Forest Wagtail | Sc, Ch | UC |
| | <i>Motacilla flava</i> ^{WV} | Yellow Wagtail | Gr, Mn, Pd, Ms | C |
| | <i>Anthus rufulus</i> | Paddyfield Pipit (Indian Pipit) | Gr, Sc | VC |
| | <i>Anthus godlewskii</i> ^{WV} | Blyth's Pipit | Gr | VR |
| Campephagidae | <i>Coracina melanoptera</i> | Black-headed Cuckooshrike | Sc, Mn, Ch | UC |
| | <i>Pericrocotus cinnamomeus</i> | Small Minivet (Little Minivet) | Sc, Mn | UC |
| | <i>Tephrodornis affinis</i> ^E | Ceylon Woodshrike | Sc, Mn, Ch | C |
| Pycnonotidae | <i>Pycnonotus cafer</i> | Red-vented Bulbul | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Pycnonotus luteolus</i> | White-browed Bulbul | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| Irenidae | <i>Aegithina tiphia</i> | Common Iora | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| | <i>Lanius cristatus</i> ^{WV} | Brown Shrike | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | C |
| Turdidae | <i>Copsychus saularis</i> | Oriental Magpie Robin (Southern Magpie Robin) | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch | C |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Timaliidae | <i>Saxicoloides fulicata</i> | Black-backed Robin (Ceylon Black Robin) | Sc, Ch | C |
| | <i>Pellorneum fuscocapillum</i> ^{E,T} | Brown-capped Babbler | Sc, Ew | UC |
| | <i>Dumetia hyperythra</i> | Tawny-bellied Babbler (White-throated Babbler) | Sc, Ew | UC |
| | <i>Rhopocichla atriceps</i> | Dark-fronted Babbler | Sc, Ch, Ew | C |
| Sylviidae | <i>Turdoides affinis</i> | Yellow-billed Babbler (Common Babbler) | Gr, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Locustella certhiola</i> ^{WV} | Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler | Ms | VR |
| | <i>Acrocephalus dumetorum</i> ^{WV} | Blyth's Reed Warbler | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ho, Ew | C |
| | <i>Acrocephalus stentoreus</i> | Clamorous Reed Warbler | Ms | UC |
| | <i>Cisticola juncidis</i> | Zitting Cisticola (Streaked Fantail Warbler) | Sc, Pd | C |
| | <i>Prinia hodgsonii</i> | Grey-breasted Prinia (Franklin's Prinia) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| | <i>Prinia sylvatica</i> | Jungle Prinia (Ceylon Large Prinia) | Sc, Cp | UC |
| | <i>Prinia socialis</i> | Ashy Prinia | Sc, Mn, Ch | UC |
| | <i>Prinia subflava</i> | Plain Prinia (Ceylon White-browed Prinia) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Pd, Ew | C |
| | <i>Orthotomus sutorius</i> | Common Tailorbird | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Ew | VC |
| Muscicapidae | <i>Phylloscopus nitidus</i> ^{WV} | Bright-green Warbler | Sc, Mn | UC |
| | <i>Muscicapa dauurica</i> ^{WV} | Asian Brown Flycatcher | Sc, Mn, Ch | UC |
| Monarchidae | <i>Terpsiphone paradisi</i> | Asian Paradise-flycatcher | Sc, Mn, Ch | C |
| Dicaeidae | <i>Dicaeum erythrorhynchos</i> | Pale-billed Flowerpecker (Samll Flowerpecker) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| Nectariniidae | <i>Nectarinia zeylonica</i> | Purple-rumped Sunbird | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Nectarinia lotenia</i> | Long-billed Sunbird (Loten's Sunbird) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ho, Ew | C |
| Estrildidae | <i>Nectarinia asiatica</i> | Purple Sunbird | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Lonchura striata</i> | White-rumped Munia | Sc, Ch, Pd | UC |
| | <i>Lonchura punctulata</i> | Scaly-breasted Munia (Spotted Munia) | Sc, Mn, Ch, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| Ploceidae | <i>Lonchura malacca</i> | Black-headed Munia | Sc, Mn, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |
| | <i>Passer domesticus</i> | House Sparrow | Ch | C |
| | <i>Ploceus manyar</i> | Streaked Weaver | Sc, Ch, Lg, Ms | UC |
| | <i>Ploceus philippinus</i> | Baya Weaver | Sc, Mn, Ch, Pd, Ew, Ms | C |
| Sturnidae | <i>Sturnus pagodarum</i> ^{WV} | Brahminy Starling (Brahminy Myna) | Sc, Mn, Ch | UC |
| | <i>Sturnus roseus</i> ^{WV} | Rosy Starling (Rosy Pastor) | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd | VC |
| | <i>Acridotheres tristis</i> | Common Myna | Gr, Sc, Mn,Cp, Ch, Pd, Ew,Tn, Lg, Ms | VC |
| Oriolidae | <i>Oriolus xanthornus</i> | Black-hooded Oriole | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch | C |
| Dicruridae | <i>Dicrurus caerulescens</i> | White-bellied Drongo | Sc, Ch | C |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|
| Corvidae | Artamidae | <i>Artamus fuscus</i> (Ashy Swallow-shrike) | Ashy Woodswallow Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | C |
| | <i>Corvus splendens</i> | House Crow (Grey-necked Crow) | Gr, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Tn, Lg, Hs, Ms | VC |
| | <i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i> | Large-billed Crow (Jungle / Black Crow) | Gr, Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Pd, Tn, Lg, Ms | C |

54 Families, 168 Species, 5 Endemic, 5 Nationally Threatened Species, 45 Winter Visitors, 2 Vagrants.

Annex 6

List of mammals recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

Habitat : **Sc** - Scrubland; **Gr** - Grassland; **Ew** - Euphorbia woodland; **Mn** - Mangrove; **Sd** - Coastal Sand Dune & Beach; **Ch** - Chena & Home Garden; **Pd** - Paddyfield; **Cp** - Coconut Plantation; **Wt** - Wetlands.

Relative Abundance : **VC** - Very Common; **C** - Common; **UC** - Uncommon; **R** - Rare; **VR** - Very Rare

Status : **E** - Endemic, **T** - Nationally Threatened

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Manidae | <i>Manis crassicaudata</i> | Pangolin | Sc | R |
| Soricidae | <i>Suncus murinus</i> | Musk Shrew | Sc, Ch | C |
| Pteropodidae | <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> | Common Flying Fox | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch | VC |
| Cercopithecidae | <i>Semnopithecus priam</i> | Grey Langur | Sc, Mn, Ch, Ew | C |
| | <i>Macaca sinica</i> ^E | Toque Monkey | Ch | UC |
| Canidae | <i>Canis aureus</i> | Sri Lanka Jackal | Gr, Sc | UC |
| Felidae | <i>Prionailurus rubiginosus</i> ^T | Rusty Spotted Cat | Sc, Wt | VR |
| | <i>Prionailurus viverrinus</i> ^T | Fishing Cat | Sc, Pd, Wt | UC |
| Herpestidae | <i>Herpestes edwardsii</i> | Grey Mongoose | Gr, Sc, Cp, Ch | UC |
| | <i>Herpestes smithii</i> | Ruddy Mongoose | Gr, Sc, Mn, Ch, Wt | C |
| Viverridae | <i>Viverricula indica</i> | Small Civet Cat | Gr, Sc, Cp, Ch | C |
| | <i>Paradoxurus hermaphoditus</i> | Indian Palm Cat | Sc, Cp, Ch | C |
| Mustelidae | <i>Lutra lutra</i> ^T | Indian otter | Mn, Wt | R |
| Bovidae | <i>Bubalus bubalis</i> | Indian Water Buffalo | Gr, Sc, Mn, Pd, Wt | VC |
| Suidae | <i>Sus scrofa</i> | Wild Boar | Gr, Sc, Mn, Wt | UC |
| Tragulidae | <i>Moschiola meminna</i> ^E | Mouse Deer | Gr, Sc, Ch | C |
| Hystricidae | <i>Hystrix indica</i> | Indian Crested Porcupine | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch | UC |
| Muridae | <i>Tatera indica</i> | Gerbil | Gr, Sc, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Mus musculus</i> | House Mouse | Ch | C |
| | <i>Rattus rattus</i> | House Rat | Sc, Cp, Ch | C |
| | <i>Rattus norvegicus</i> | Brown Rat | Cp, Ch | VC |
| Sciuridae | <i>Funambulus palmarum</i> | Palm Squirrel | Sc, Mn, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |
| | <i>Ratufa macroura</i> | Giant Squirrel | Sc, Ch | R |
| Leporidae | <i>Lepus nigricollis</i> | Black Naped Hare | Gr, Sc, Cp, Ch, Ew | VC |

16 Families, 24 Species, 2 Endemic, 3 Nationally Threatened.

Annex 7

List of butterflies recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

Habitat : **Sc** - Scrubland; **Gs** - Grassland; **Ew** - Euphorbia woodland; **Rb** - Reed bed; **Mn** - Mangrove; **Sd** - Coastal Sand Dune & Beach; **Ch** - Chena & Home Garden; **Pd** - Paddyfield; **Cp** - Coconut Plantation; **Lg** - Lagoon; **Ms** - Marshland; **Tn** - Freshwater Tank, **Nl** - Natural Lewaya

Relative Abundance : **VC** - Very Common; **C** - Common; **UC** - Uncommon; **R** - Rare; **VR** - Very Rare

Status : **E** - Endemic, **T** - Nationally Threatened, **DD** - Data deficient

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Papilionidae | <i>Troides darsius</i> ^{E,T} | Common Birdwing | Sd, | VR |
| | <i>Pachliopta hector</i> | Crimson Rose | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd | C |
| | <i>Pachliopta aristolochiae</i> | Common Rose | Sc,Ch | UC |
| | <i>Papilio crino</i> | Banded Peacock | Ch | VR |
| | <i>Papilio demoleus</i> | Lime Butterfly | Sc,Ch,Pd | C |
| | <i>Papilio polytes</i> | Common Mormon | Gr,Sc,Ch, | UC |
| | <i>Papilio polymnestor</i> | Blue Mormon | Sc,Cp,Ch | UC |
| | <i>Graphium agamemnon</i> | Tailed Jay | Ch | UC |
| Pieridae | <i>Leptosia nina</i> | Psyche | Sc,Cp,Ch,Mn,Ew | VC |
| | <i>Delias eucharis</i> | Jezebel | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd | C |
| | <i>Belenois aurota</i> | Pioneer | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd, Mn,Ew | VC |
| | <i>Cepora nerissa</i> | Common Gull | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |
| | <i>Appias libythea</i> ^T | Striped Albatross | Mn,Sc | UC |
| | <i>Appias paulina</i> ^T | Lesser Albatross | Pd,Mn | R |
| | <i>Ixias marianne</i> | White Orange Tip | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew | C |
| | <i>Ixias pyrene</i> | Yellow Orange Tip | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | VC |
| | <i>Hebomoia glaucippe</i> | Great Orange Tip | Sc,Cp,Ho,Pd,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Catopsilia pyranthe</i> | Mottled Immigrant | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd, Mn,Ew | VC |
| | <i>Catopsilia pomona</i> | Lemon Migrant | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd, Mn,Ew | VC |
| | <i>Pareronia ceylanica</i> | Dark Wanderer | Sc,Mn,Ew | UC |
| Nymphalidae | <i>Colotis amata</i> | Small Salmon Arab | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd, Mn,Ew | VC |
| | <i>Colotis etrida</i> | Little Orange Tip | Gr,Sc,Ch,Ew | C |
| | <i>Eurema brigitta</i> | Small Grass Yellow | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |
| | <i>Eurema hecabe</i> | Common Grass Yellow | Gr,Sc,Cp,Pd, | UC |
| | <i>Tirumala limniace</i> | Blue Tiger | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew | C |
| | <i>Tirumala septentrionis</i> | Dark Blue Tiger | Cp,Pd,Ew | UC |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Lycaenidae | <i>Parantica aglea</i> | Glassy Tiger | Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Mn,Ew | C |
| | <i>Danaus chrysippus</i> | Plain Tiger | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |
| | <i>Danaus genutia</i> | Common Tiger | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |
| | <i>Euploea core</i> | Common Crow | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd, Mn,Ew | C |
| | <i>Euploea sylvester</i> | Double-banded Crow | Sc,Cp, | UC |
| | <i>Ariadne ariadne</i> | Angled Castor | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd | UC |
| | <i>Cethosia nietneri</i> | Ceylon Lace Wing | Sc | R |
| | <i>Phalanta phalantha</i> | Common Leopard | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew | C |
| | <i>Junonia lemonias</i> | Lemon Pansy | Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd, | C |
| | <i>Junonia iphita</i> | Chocolate Soldier | Sc,Cp,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Junonia almana</i> | Peacock Pansy | Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd | UC |
| | <i>Hypolimnas bolina</i> | Great Eggfly | Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Hypolimnas misippus</i> | Danaid Eggfly | Cp,Ch,Ew | R |
| | <i>Neptis hylas</i> | Common Sailor | Sc,Ch,Pd,Ew | R |
| | <i>Euthalia aconthea</i> | Baron | Ch,Ew | R |
| | <i>Orsotriaena medus</i> | Nigger | Ho,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Mycalesis persius</i> | Common Bushbrown | Sc,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Ypthima ceylonica</i> | White Four-ring | Cp,Ho,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Acraea violae</i> | Tawny Coster | Gr,Sd,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |
| | <i>Melanitis leda</i> | Common Evening Brown | Sc,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Elymnias hypermnestra</i> | Common Palmfly | Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Spalgis epeus^T</i> | Apfly | Sc | R |
| | <i>Curetis thetis</i> | Indian Sunbeam | Mn, | VR |
| | <i>Arhopala pseudocentaurus^T</i> | Centaur Oakblue | Sc,Mn | R |
| | <i>Zesius chrysomallus^T</i> | Redspot | Mn,Sc,Ch, | R |
| | <i>Spindasis vulcanus^T</i> | Common Silverline | Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew, | UC |
| | <i>Tajuria cippus</i> | Peacock Royal | Sc | VR |
| | <i>Prosotas nora</i> | Common Lineblue | Sc,Ch, | R |
| | <i>Jamides celano</i> | Common Cerulian | Sc | R |
| | <i>Jamides bochus</i> | Dark Cerulean | Sc | R |
| | <i>Catochysops strabo</i> | Forget-me-not | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew, | VC |
| | <i>Lamides boeticus</i> | Pea Blue | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch, | UC |
| | <i>Syntrucus plinius</i> | Zebra Blue | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch, | UC |
| | <i>Castalius rosimon</i> | Common Pierrot | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew | C |
| | <i>Discolampa ethion^T</i> | Banded Blue Pierrot | Sc | UC |
| | <i>Tarucus callinara^{DD}</i> | Butler's Spotted Pierrot | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew, | C |
| | <i>Freyeria trochilus</i> | Grass Jewel | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew, | UC |
| | <i>Zizeeria karsandra^T</i> | Dark Grass Blue | Gr,Sc,Ch, | UC |
| | <i>Zizina otis</i> | Lesser Grass Blue | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |
| | <i>Zizula hylax^T</i> | Tiny Grass Blue | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Pd,Ew | C |

| Family | Scientific Name | Common Name | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Hesperiidae | <i>Talicada nyseus</i> | Red Pierrot | Sc,Ew, | UC |
| | <i>Azanus jesous</i> T | African Babul Blue | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch,Ew | C |
| | <i>Chilades lajus</i> | Lime Blue | Sc,Cp,Ch | R |
| | <i>Everes lacturnus</i> | Indian Cupid | Gr,Sc, | R |
| | <i>Ampittia dioscorides</i> | Bush Hopper | Ch,Sc,Cp,Pd,Ew | UC |
| | <i>Iambrix salsala</i> | Chestnut Bob | Ch | UC |
| | <i>Spalia galba</i> | Indian Skipper | Ch,Sc | R |
| | <i>Pelopidas mathias</i> | Small Branded swift | Pd | R |
| | <i>Telicota ancilla</i> T | Dark Palm Dart | Sc, Ch | R |

5 Families, 75 Species, 1 Endemic, 12 Nationally Threatened

Annex 8

List of terrestrial & aquatic molluscs recorded in the Lunama-Kalametiya wetland Sanctuary

Habitat : **Sc** - Scrubland; **Gr** - Grassland; **Ew** - Euphorbia woodland; **Mn** - Mangrove; **Sd** - Coastal Sand Dune & Beach; **Ch** - Chena & Home Garden; **Pd** - Paddyfield; **Cp** - Coconut Plantation; **Wt** - Wetlands.

Relative Abundance : **VC** - Very Common; **C** - Common; **UC** - Uncommon; **R** - Rare; **VR** - Very Rare

Status : **E** - Endemic, **T** - Nationally Threatened

(a) Terrestrial Molluscs in Lunama-Kalametiya wetland system

| Family | Species | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|---|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Ariophantidae | <i>Sitala phyllophila</i> ^E | Ch | R-1st Record from the area |
| Glossulidae | <i>Glossula</i> Sp.1 | Sc | R |
| Subulinidae | <i>Subulina octona</i> | Sc,Pr,Ch | VC |
| | <i>Allopeas gracile</i> | Ho,Sc,Pr,Ch | VC |
| Achatinidae | <i>Achatina fulica</i> | Ch, Pd, Cp | C |
| Acavidae | <i>Acavus haemastoma</i> ^{E:T} | Cp | VR-Recorded from two shell only |
| | <i>Oligospira polei</i> ^{E:T} | Sc | VR-Recorded from two shell only |
| Camaenidae | <i>Beddomea trifasciatus</i> ^E | Sc | R |
| Cyclophoridae | <i>Cyclophorus menkeanus</i> | Sc | VR-Recorded from two shell only |
| | <i>Japonia occulta</i> ^E | Gr,Sc,Cp,Ch | VC |

(b) Aquatic molluses in Lunama-Kalametiya wetland system

| Family | Species | Habitat | Relative Abundance |
|---------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| Ampullariidae | <i>Pila globosa</i> | Pd,Wt | C |
| | <i>Pila</i> Sp.1 | Pd,Wt | C |
| Bithynidae | <i>Bithynia stenothyroides</i> | Pd,Wt | C |
| Planorbidae | <i>Gyraulus hyptiocyclos</i> | Gr,Mn | C |
| Lymnaeidae | <i>Lymnaea luteola</i> | Pd,Wt | C |
| Thiaridae | <i>Melanoides torulosa</i> | Wt | C |
| | <i>Melanoides tuberculata</i> | Pd | C |
| | <i>Thiara scabra</i> | Wt | C |

Terrestrial molluscs

7 Families, 10 Species, 5 Endemic, 2 Nationally Threatened.

Aquatic molluscs

5 Families, 8 Species.

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