### EXPLORING WORK-LEISURE CONFLICT: EVIDENCE FROM FRONT-LINE EMPLOYEES IN THE HOTEL INDUSTRY IN THE SOUTHERN PROVINCE OF SRI LANKA

#### Chathurika, M.G.\*, Amitha, W.A.K. and Perera, J.K.S.C.

Department of Business Management, Faculty of Management Studies, Sabaragamuwa University of Sri Lanka, Belihuloya, Sri Lanka. \*chathugamage01@gmail.com

### 1. Introduction

Work-leisure conflict is one of the emerging areas in work and non-work literature. It occurs when an individual's work and leisure roles are incompatible with one another. Although having a pleasing congruence between work and leisure is critically important for employees' overall well-being, preliminary investigation revealed that front-line employees experience a higher level of work-leisure conflict. In this background, the study aimed to explore the types of work-leisure conflict, their reasons, and strategies used to manage it.

## 2. Research Methodology

To understand the inner meaning of front-line employees' work-leisure experiences, the current study was based on the interpretivism paradigm, inductive approach, and qualitative-mono method research design. Following a phenomenological strategy, nine in-depth interviews were conducted with front-line employees who worked in the hotel industry in the Southern Province of Sri Lanka. The participants were selected using a purposive sampling method. Data was analyzed using thematic analysis.

### 3. Findings and Discussion

The study found different types (i.e., time-based, strain-based, behaviorbased, transportation-based, and technology-based) of work-leisure conflict. Further, reasons for work-leisure conflict include personal, organizational, social network related and external reasons. Furthermore, strategies used to manage work-leisure conflict include; individual (i.e., self-care and well-being, having a positive mindset, setting boundaries, and disconnecting from the work) and organizational strategies (i.e., event management and employee engagement, relationship building and support, organizational policies, and arranging workshops).

# 4. Conclusion and Implications

Managers and front-line employees in the hotel industry can use the findings of this study to understand and manage work-leisure conflict. Although work-leisure conflict is a relatively explored area in developed countries, few researches have been conducted in the Sri Lankan context. Thus, the study addresses the contextual gap by identifying the unique experiences of front-line employees.

*Keywords*: Hotel Industry, Types, Reasons, Strategies, Work-leisure Conflict.